

# ANNOUNCEMENT AND CALL FOR PAPERS

## Innovations in Reducing Nonpoint Source Pollution

Methods, Policies, Programs, and Measurement

November 28 – November 30, 2006

Radisson Hotel City Centre • Indianapolis, Indiana

A conference organized by the Rivers Institute at Hanover College.

In collaboration with The Nature Conservancy.



### Introduction

The Rivers Institute at Hanover College invites you to join us in discussing innovations in reducing nonpoint source pollution. Exciting approaches have been implemented in recent years, and there is much to learn from the experience. We will discuss the challenges, struggles, and successes experienced by farmers, researchers, field technicians, resource agency personnel, public officials, and others. We invite oral and poster presentations by academicians, farmers, watershed managers, staff members of public agencies, representatives of commercial firms and environmental organizations, and others.

The Conference will focus on innovations in methods, policies, programs, and measurement. Examples of pertinent topics include best management practices, new regulatory approaches, economic incentives, tradable emission programs, and innovations in measuring nonpoint source effluent and assessing program effectiveness.

Speakers at technical sessions will present new information regarding successful programs, some of which have been implemented for several years, and others that are relatively new. Special guest speakers will describe historical efforts to reduce nonpoint source pollution and recommend innovative approaches.

### Major Topics

We invite papers and posters that describe

- Innovations in the science and technology of reducing agricultural nonpoint source pollution.
- New policies and institutions that encourage adoption of new production methods.
- Innovative programs at the farm, state, and national levels.
- New methods of measuring the impacts of nonpoint source pollution and evaluating the success of pollution reduction programs.
- Long-term or comprehensive views regarding water quality objectives, pollution reduction, social costs and benefits, and the impacts of state and federal policies on agriculture.

Conceptual papers, empirical applications, and case studies are welcome. Please see the complete list of Major Topics and Subtopics in this Call for Papers.

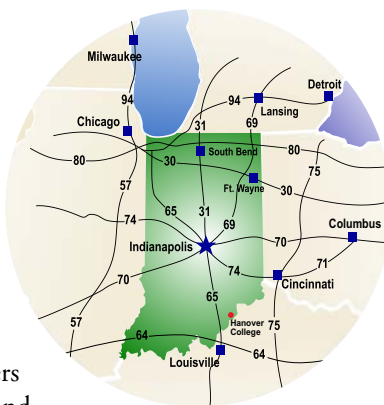
### Participants will include

...land and water resource professionals, staff members of state and federal resource agencies, members of environmental organizations, academicians, farmers, watershed managers, public officials, representatives of commercial firms, and other interested citizens.



## Geographic Scope

We will focus on innovative approaches to reducing nonpoint source pollution in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, and Ohio. Indianapolis, the nation's 12th largest city, is within easy driving distance of Columbus, Ohio, Springfield, Illinois, and Frankfort, Kentucky. Speakers from all states are welcome and encouraged to present information describing innovations.



## Exhibition

Vendors will be invited to exhibit the goods and services they offer to reduce nonpoint source pollution, measure water quality impacts, and evaluate the success of pollution reduction efforts.

## Conference Schedule of Important Dates

|                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Abstracts Due       | <b>April 1*</b>         |
| Notify Authors      | <b>May 1</b>            |
| Draft Papers Due    | <b>July 1</b>           |
| Comments to Authors | <b>September 1</b>      |
| Final Papers Due    | <b>November 1</b>       |
| Conference          | <b>November 28 – 30</b> |

\*April 1 is the due date for Abstracts. However, authors who submit Abstracts by March 1 will receive a 10% discount on the registration fee if their abstract is accepted and they prepare a paper or poster for presentation at the Conference. Successful authors who submit Abstracts by April 1 will receive a 5% discount.

## Conference Format

The Conference will feature guest speakers in plenary sessions and selected speakers in technical paper sessions. Additional authors will present results in a poster session that will occur in conjunction with an exhibition of the goods and services involved in reducing nonpoint source pollution.

# CALL FOR PAPERS

We invite abstracts addressing the Conference Topics and Subtopics. You may choose to make a 20-minute Oral Presentation or participate in a Poster Session. The Planning Committee for the Conference will review all abstracts and inform authors of those that are accepted. Authors will then prepare draft manuscripts that will be reviewed by members of the Planning Committee. Authors will receive written comments that will be helpful in preparing final versions of their papers prior to the Conference. We will prepare a Conference Proceedings that will be available at the start of the Conference.

Accepted authors will be expected to prepare an electronic version of their paper or poster presentation for publication in the Conference Proceedings. There are no page charges for papers up to 10 pages in length, including all tables, figures, and references. A page charge of \$25 per page will be assessed on all pages in excess of the 10-page limit.

*Please Include the following information with your submittal:*

**The paper title with the pertinent conference topic and subtopic**

**Your preference for an Oral Presentation or Poster Session**

**The 200 to 400 word Abstract**

**Four to six keywords**

**Author and co-author names and affiliations**

**Address, phone, fax, and email addresses for all authors**

Please email your abstracts and author information to Ms. Deede Good, Rivers Institute  
**good@hanover.edu**

You may find a copy of this Call for Papers and other pertinent information on the Rivers Institute website: [www.riversinstitute.org](http://www.riversinstitute.org)



# Conference Topics and Subtopics

Please consult this list when considering an Abstract, and include with your submittal the Topic and Subtopic that best match the subject you have chosen.

## Innovative Methods

- Improvements in irrigation management
- Innovative design or management of drainage systems
- Naturalized streams and natural channel design
- Bio-filters, bio-reactors, and bio-remediation
- Alternative crops and production methods
- Alternative livestock production methods
- Innovations in tillage methods (no-till, minimum-till, and strip-till)
- Nitrogen, phosphorus, and pesticide management strategies
- Measures to reduce P stratification, and dissolved P in runoff
- New applications of GIS, GPS, and remote sensing
- Costs and benefits of new technologies and practices

## Innovative Policies and Institutions

- Regulatory measures and economic incentives
- New policies of irrigation and drainage districts
- Watershed organizations and farm groups
- Market-based policies and institutions
- Efforts to protect water quality in headwaters
- Updating policies to match changes in technology and markets
- Addressing challenges at the agriculture/urban fringe

## Innovative Programs

- New initiatives in the private sector and at environmental organizations
- Pollution credit trading programs
- Economic incentives to achieve water quality goals
- Education and training programs for watershed coordinators
- Wetland restoration and environmental mitigation
- Funding mechanisms, such as carbon sequestration programs
- State Revolving Fund programs to support pollution reduction
- New opportunities in the 2007 Farm Bill

## Innovative Monitoring and Assessment

- New equipment, methods, and protocols
- Self-assessment and reporting programs
- Improvements in scientific understanding and interpretation of data
- Implications for pollution reduction programs
- Defining, measuring, and describing success (ambient standards, TMDLs, and biological indicators)
- Effects of hydrology on water quality

## Comprehensive Analysis

- Coordinating agricultural policy and water quality objectives
- Implications of urban development in agricultural areas
- Extending successful BMPs from field scale to the watershed
- Farm-level and regional economic implications
- Capacity building in public agencies and on farms
- Policies and strategies that account for challenging hydrology and weather events
- Implications of world trade negotiations on nonpoint source pollution
- Long-term views regarding changes in markets, cropping patterns, energy prices, and public efforts to preserve farmland
- Whole farm and holistic decision making frameworks
- Aggregate spending on BMP programs, over time and geography

Abstracts due April 1  
Email: Deede Good  
good@hanover.edu





# The Conference Planning Committee

## General Chairperson

**Dennis Wichelns** *Rivers Institute at Hanover College*

## Co-Chairs, by State

**Larry Clemens** *The Nature Conservancy, Indiana*

**Sarah Hippensteel** *Miami Conservancy District, Ohio*

**Mark Waggoner** *Natural Resource Cons. Service, Kentucky*

**Amy Walkenbach** *Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, Illinois*

## Planning Committee Members

**Jerod Chew** *Division of Soil Conservation, Indiana*

**George Czapar** *University of Illinois Cooperative Extension Service*

**Jeffrey Frey** *U.S. Geological Survey, Indiana*

**Jack Huggins** *The Nature Conservancy, Peoria, Illinois*

**Christa Jones** *North Central Region of NACD, Indiana*

**Daryl Karns** *Rivers Institute at Hanover College, Indiana*

**Richard Kessler** *The Nature Conservancy, Kentucky*

**Jeff Kiefer** *U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Indiana*

**Brent Ladd** *Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana*

**Tammy Lawson** *Division of Soil Conservation, Indiana*

**Martha C. Mettler** *Office of Water Quality, Indiana*

**Gary Moore** *The Nature Conservancy, Columbus, Ohio*

**Donald Pitts** *Natural Resource Conservation Service, Illinois*

**Jill M. Reinhart** *Natural Resource Conservation Service, Indiana*

**Todd Royer** *Indiana University, Bloomington*

**Karen Scanlon** *Conservation Technology Information Center, Indiana*

**John Shuey** *The Nature Conservancy, Indiana*

**Jodie Tate** *University of Illinois Cooperative Extension Service*

**Tammy Taylor** *Conservation Technology Information Center, Indiana*



## RIVERS INSTITUTE AT HANOVER COLLEGE

The Rivers Institute at Hanover College enhances the understanding of the culture, economics, and science of river systems by producing conferences and workshops, providing consulting services, and developing educational resources.

[www.riversinstitute.org](http://www.riversinstitute.org)

### Staff Support at the Rivers Institute

**Molly Dodge**  
Director of External Relations

**Deede Good**  
Program Specialist

### Special Planning Consultant

**Larry Stephens**  
Denver, Colorado



The Nature Conservancy preserves the plants, animals, and natural communities that represent the diversity of life on earth by protecting the lands and waters they need to survive.

[www.nature.org](http://www.nature.org)

